
**Software and systems engineering —
Methods and tools for the feature-
based approach to software and
systems product line engineering**

*Ingénierie du logiciel et des systèmes — Méthodes et outils pour
l'approche basée sur les caractéristiques dans l'ingénierie de lignes de
produits logiciels et systèmes*





COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO/IEC 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier; Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Foreword	vi
Introduction	vii
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 Overview of feature-based product line engineering	4
4.1 General	4
4.2 Shared assets	5
4.3 Features	6
4.4 Automated means of production	7
5 A feature-based specialization of software and systems product line engineering	7
6 Reference model for the feature-based approach to software and systems product line engineering	11
6.1 General	11
6.2 Key elements of the feature-based PLE factory	12
6.2.1 General	12
6.2.2 Feature catalogue	13
6.2.3 Bill-of-features and bill-of-features portfolio	13
6.2.4 Shared asset supersets	14
6.2.5 PLE factory configurator	14
6.2.6 Product asset instances	14
6.3 Relationships among the key elements of the factory	15
6.3.1 General	15
6.3.2 Feature-based abstractions: feature catalogue and bill-of-features portfolio	15
6.3.3 Domain supersets: feature catalogue and shared asset supersets	16
6.3.4 Assets: shared asset supersets and product asset instances	17
6.3.5 Product instances: bill-of-features portfolio and product asset instances	18
6.4 Reference model layers	19
6.5 Feature language	20
6.6 Support for a hierarchical product line of product lines	20
6.7 Other concerns	21
6.7.1 General	21
6.7.2 Configuration management concern	21
6.7.3 Traceability concern	21
6.7.4 Change management concern	22
6.7.5 Access control concern	22
7 Technology layer	22
7.1 General	22
7.2 Feature language	22
7.3 Feature catalogue	25
7.4 Bill-of-features portfolio	25
7.5 Shared asset supersets	25
7.6 Product asset instances	26
7.7 PLE factory configurator	26
7.8 PLE factory development environment	26
8 Technical organization management layer	27
8.1 General	27
8.2 Relationship to ISO/IEC 26550 technical management process group and ISO/IEC 26556	28
8.3 Feature catalogue engineering	29
8.3.1 Purpose	29

8.3.2	Role	29
8.3.3	Outcomes	29
8.3.4	Inputs	29
8.3.5	Tasks	29
8.3.6	Tools	30
8.4	Bill-of-features portfolio engineering	31
8.4.1	Purpose	31
8.4.2	Role	31
8.4.3	Outcomes	31
8.4.4	Inputs	31
8.4.5	Tasks	31
8.4.6	Tools	32
8.5	Shared asset superset engineering	32
8.5.1	Purpose	32
8.5.2	Role	33
8.5.3	Outcomes	33
8.5.4	Inputs	33
8.5.5	Tasks	33
8.5.6	Tools	34
8.6	Automated configuration of the product asset instances	35
8.6.1	Purpose	35
8.6.2	Role	35
8.6.3	Outcomes	35
8.6.4	Inputs	35
8.6.5	Task — Configure the shared asset supersets using the PLE factory configurator	35
8.6.6	Tools	35
8.7	Verification, validation, and product delivery of the product asset instances	35
8.7.1	Purpose	35
8.7.2	Role	36
8.7.3	Outcomes	36
8.7.4	Inputs	36
8.7.5	Tasks	36
8.7.6	Tools	36
8.8	Configuration management	37
8.8.1	Purpose	37
8.8.2	Role	37
8.8.3	Outcomes	37
8.8.4	Inputs	37
8.8.5	Tasks	37
8.8.6	Tools	38
8.9	Traceability management	38
8.9.1	Purpose	38
8.9.2	Role	38
8.9.3	Outcomes	38
8.9.4	Inputs	39
8.9.5	Tasks	39
8.9.6	Tools	39
8.10	Change management	40
8.10.1	Purpose	40
8.10.2	Role	40
8.10.3	Outcomes	40
8.10.4	Inputs	40
8.10.5	Tasks	40
8.10.6	Tools	41
9	Business organization management layer	41
9.1	General	41
9.2	Incorporation of ISO/IEC 26550, ISO/IEC 26556 and ISO/IEC 26562 processes	42

9.3	Fund the PLE factory.....	44
9.3.1	Purpose.....	44
9.3.2	Outcomes.....	44
9.3.3	Inputs.....	44
9.3.4	Task — Establish and execute a funding policy for the PLE factory.....	44
9.3.5	Tools.....	45
Annex A	(informative) Terminology specialization from ISO/IEC 26550 to this document.....	46
Annex B	(informative) UML 2.0 Diagrams for the feature-based PLE factory	50
Bibliography	51

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see patents.iec.ch).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Software and systems engineering*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

Feature-based software and systems product line engineering (“feature-based PLE” for short) is a specialization of software and systems product line (SSPL) engineering and management that is described in ISO/IEC 26550. ISO/IEC 26550 describes a very generalized approach to SSPL, focusing on the benefits of exploiting a common platform of reusable assets for a product family. Each organization that adopts SSPL under ISO/IEC 26550 is free to do so using their preferred techniques and methods.

What is the motivation for creating a standard for a specialization of SSPL? As the SSPL field has matured and achieved widespread attention in the industry, a specific and repeatable approach to SSPL has emerged that takes advantage of commercial off-the-shelf industrial-strength tools and technology, along with robust best practices for methods and processes, that automate and formalize many of the processes in domain and application engineering. The result is that less upfront analysis, design, and implementation effort is required prior to gaining the benefits from the approach.

While SSPL in general provides significant benefits, it also requires a significant investment of time and effort to adopt and to ultimately achieve those benefits. The feature-based PLE specialization is a more narrowly defined solution that can be supported by off-the-shelf tools and methods, which has resulted in lower investments when an organization adopts SSPL. Feature-based PLE embodies lessons learned about SSPL practices that have been shown to provide some of the highest benefits and returns (see, for example, References [2] and [8]).

This document provides a reference model consisting of an abstract representation of the key technical elements, tools, and methods of feature-based PLE. The predominant specializations of general SSPL that characterize feature-based PLE are:

- a) a mapping from features to asset variation points that is sufficient to drive a fully automated configurator that produces assets specific to member products;
- b) a methodological shift of all design and implementation effort, change management, and configuration management to domain engineering, so that application engineering is reduced to automated configuration of member product instances and testing of configured member products and member-product-specific assets.

This document embodies a distinct separation of concerns between the feature-based PLE technology providers and feature-based technology users. For each of these stakeholder concerns, the scope of this document is to define only what is necessary and sufficient to enable feature-based PLE practice. For technology providers, this imparts flexibility in how the necessary and sufficient technical capabilities are provided, as well as the opportunity to offer more expansive capabilities that are possible in an ideal solution. For technology users, this provides flexibility to select among the technology providers and to apply the methods that best match their technical and business objectives for feature-based PLE.

Software and systems engineering — Methods and tools for the feature-based approach to software and systems product line engineering

1 Scope

This document is a specialization of the more general reference model for software and systems product line engineering and management described in ISO/IEC 26550. The specialization defined herein addresses a class of methods and tools referred to as feature-based software and systems product line engineering, or feature-based PLE, which has emerged as a proven and repeatable product line engineering and management (PLE) practice supported by commercial tool providers.

This document:

- provides the terms and definitions specific to feature-based PLE;
- defines how feature-based PLE is a specialization within the general ISO/IEC 26550 reference model for product line engineering and management;
- defines a reference model for the overall structure and processes of feature-based PLE and describes how the elements of the reference model fit together;
- defines interrelationships and methods for applying the elements and tools of the product line reference model;
- defines required and supporting tool capabilities.

In this document, products of feature-based PLE include digital work products that support the engineering of a system. Some of the artefacts are actually part of the delivered products, while other artefacts can be non-deliverable, such as physical or digital design models.

The intended audience for this document comprises:

- technology providers who wish to provide automated tool support for the reference model and processes described in this document;
- champions within an organization who wish to introduce feature-based PLE throughout that organization;
- IT staff within a PLE organization who will introduce and maintain the necessary technology to support feature-based PLE;
- practitioner stakeholders who will use the provided technology to practice feature-based PLE;
- technical and business managers who will sponsor and direct the methods necessary to practice feature-based PLE;
- university professors, researchers, corporate trainers, and other educators who will create and share pedagogical materials about feature-based PLE and its benefits.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC/IEEE 12207, *Systems and software engineering — Software life cycle processes*

ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288, *Systems and software engineering — System life cycle processes*